Transport In the Northeast - 2012

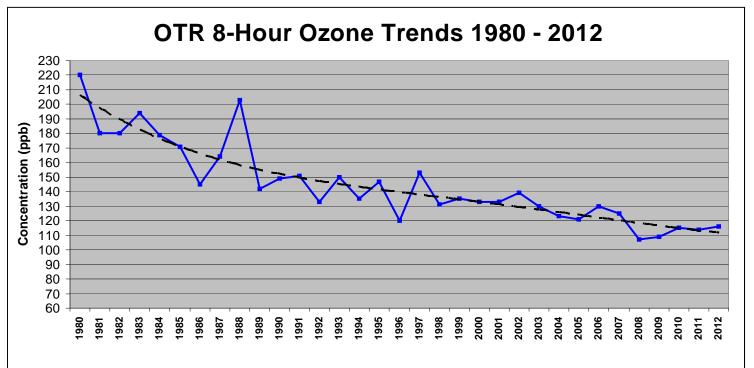
OTC/MANE-VU Fall Meeting

November 15, 2012 Washington, D.C.

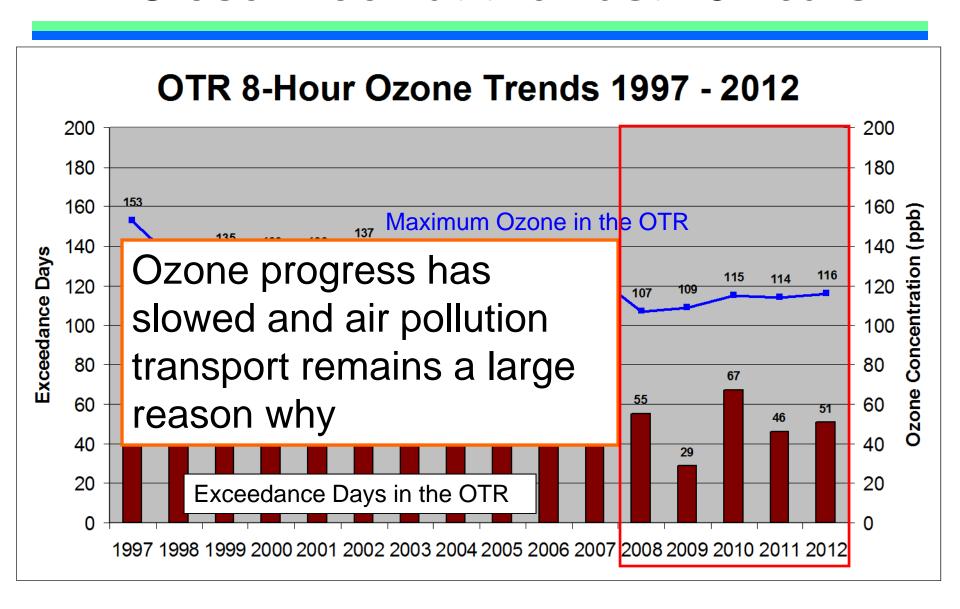


Ozone Reduction Success!

- The States of the Ozone Transport Region have made great progress in reducing ozone within the OTR
- Control measures focusing on a local and regional basis have worked!

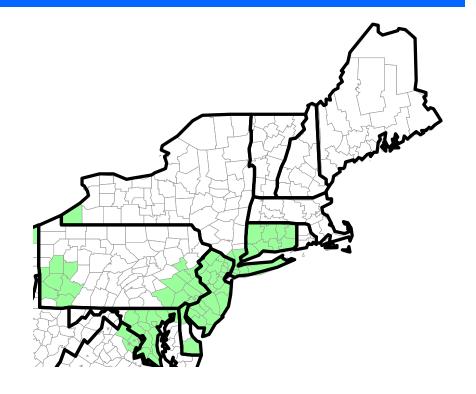


A Closer Look at the Last 15 Years



Meeting Ozone Attainment

- Geographically, the number of areas in the OTR failing to meet clean air standards is less than 25%
- However about 65% of our population lives in these areas

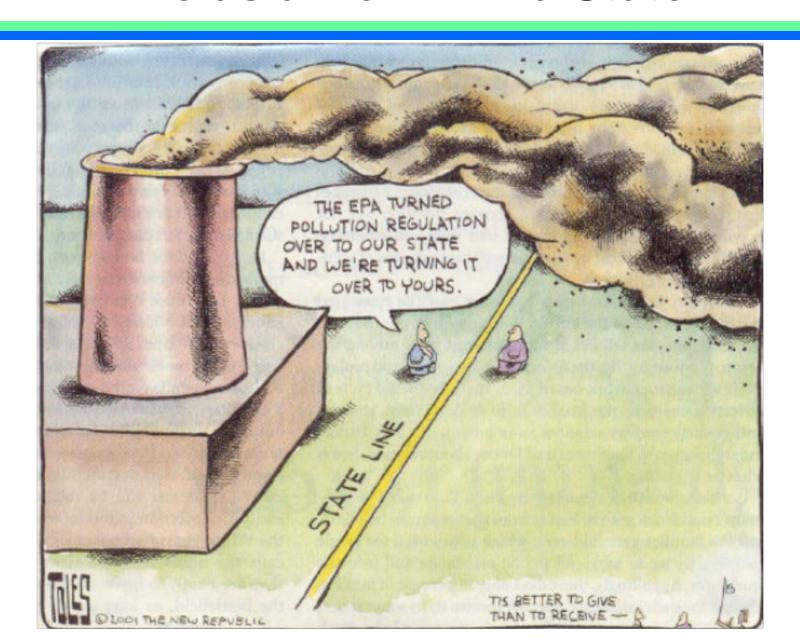


Meeting Ozone Attainment

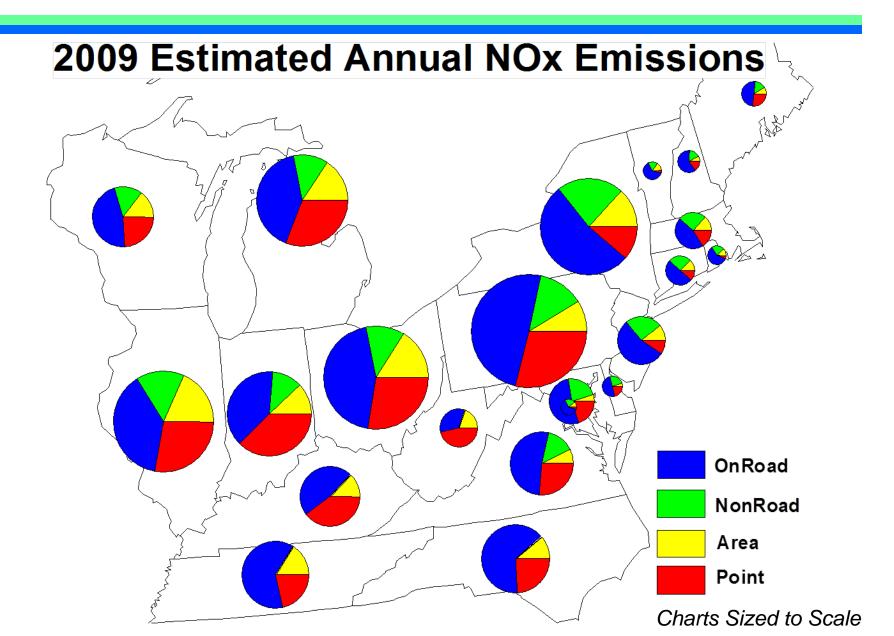
Many locations of the Northeast need superregional and/or national pollution controls in order to meet ozone attainment

- Remaining options for local emission controls are generally few and very expensive
- Remaining options to address transport from upwind of the OTR are cost effective

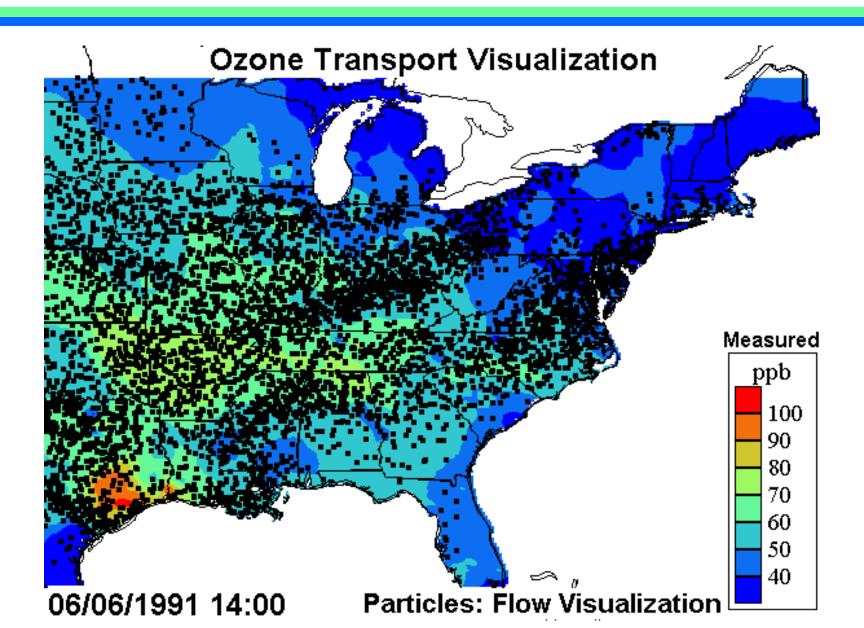
Life as a Downwind State



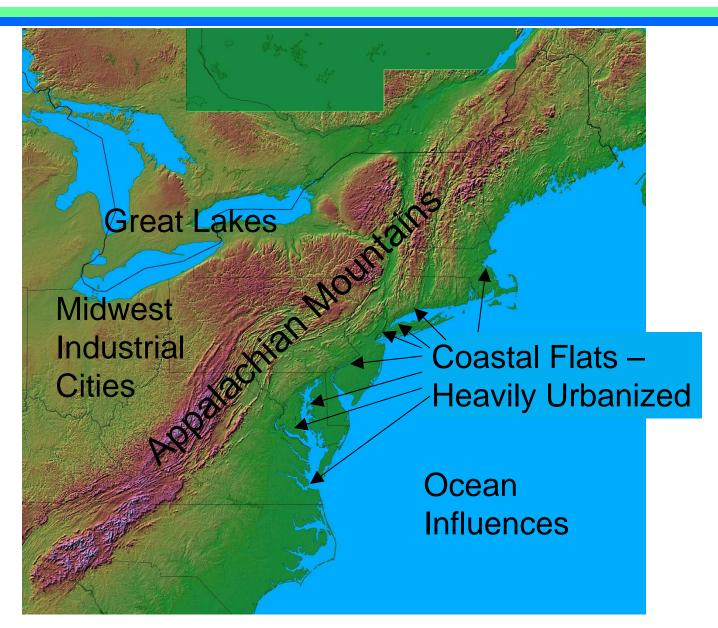
Where the Emissions Are



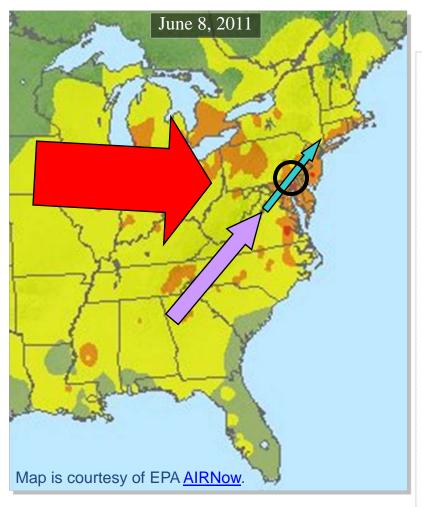
A Reproduction of How Air Moves



Topography of the OTR



Major Air Pollution Transport Mechanisms

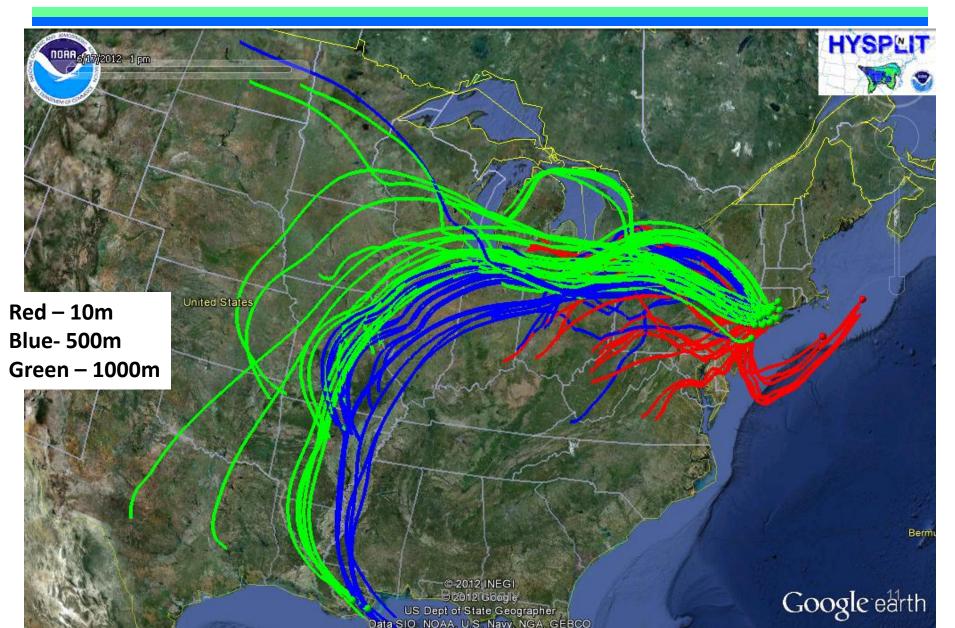


Four Distinct Parts

- 1. <u>Local Stagnation</u> Local emissions in Cities (nonattainment areas)
 - Reducing local emissions can be important
- 2. <u>Surface</u>, 10's to 100 miles
 - City to city
 - "Ground level" transport
 - Washington to Baltimore, Baltimore to Philadelphia, etc.
- 3. <u>Channeled</u>, 100's of miles Regional Nocturnal Low Level Jet
 - "Aloft" transport at night !!!
 - Flows along mountain ridges
 - SW to NE along the Atlantic
- 4. Synoptic Long range, 100's to 1000's of miles,
 - "Aloft" transport 100s of miles
 - Generally from W or NW

Wind Flow Patterns on Five High Ozone Days in 2012

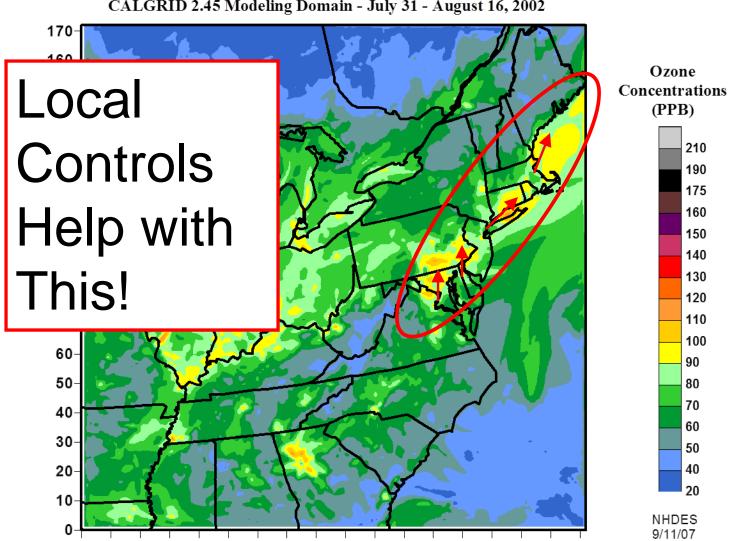
6/20, 7/1, 7/17, 7/18



Ground-Level – City to City

Maximum 8-Hour Ozone Concentrations R005: MARAMA 5c Run

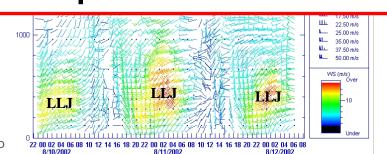
CALGRID 2.45 Modeling Domain - July 31 - August 16, 2002



Channeled - Nocturnal Low Level Jet

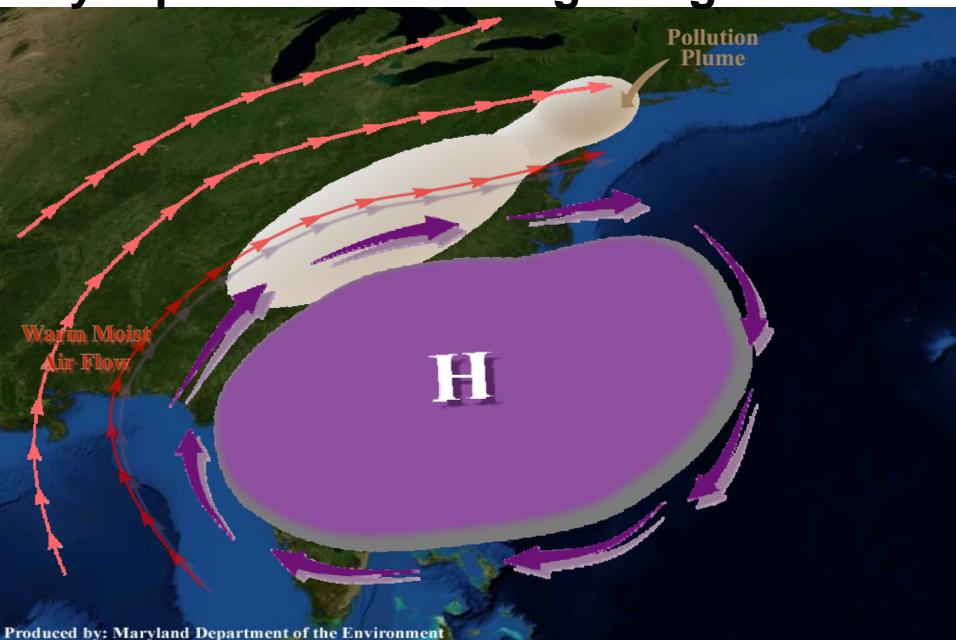


Local and Regional Controls Help with This!



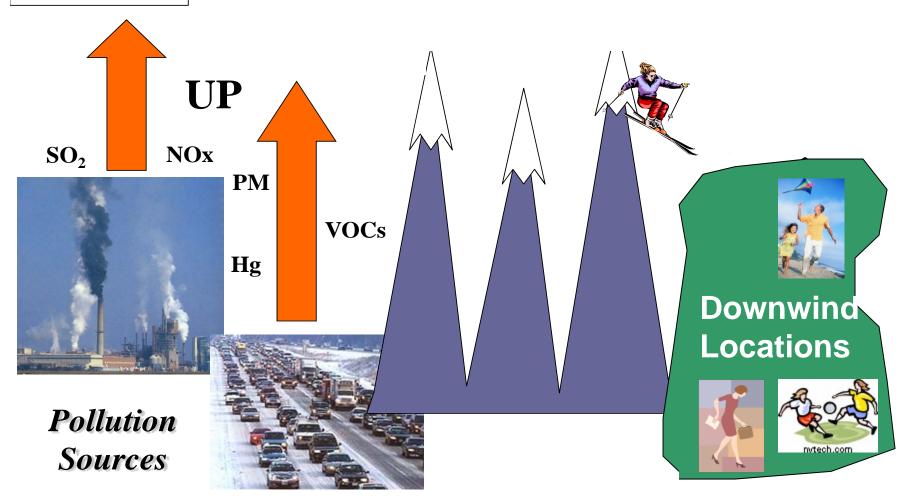
- Fast-moving, narrow "river" of air typically around 1000 feet above the surface
 - Can accelerate wind speeds to 40 mph or more.
- Typically observed during the night between Appalachians and the Atlantic Ocean.
 - Can contain ozone and/or its precursors
- Seen during most Mid-Atlantic summer-time air pollution events.
 - Ozone concentrations of 90 – 100 ppb have been measured in the NLLJ.

Synoptic - Classic Long-Range Pattern



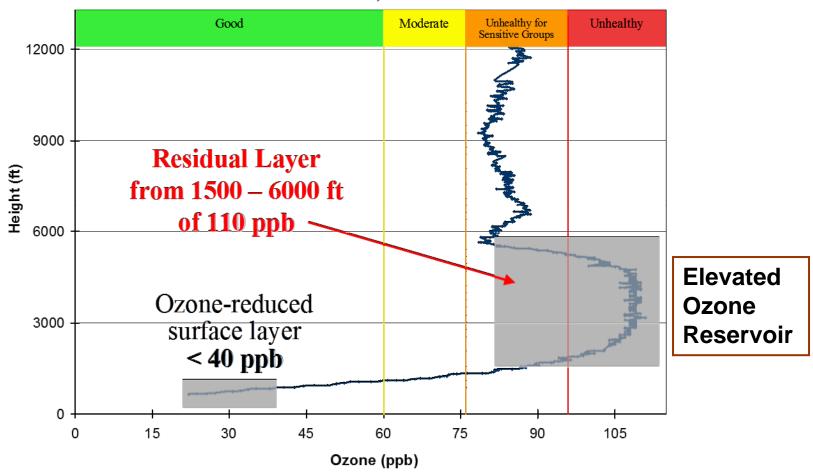
How Long-Distance Air Pollution Transport Works

During the heating of the day, pollutants rise upwards



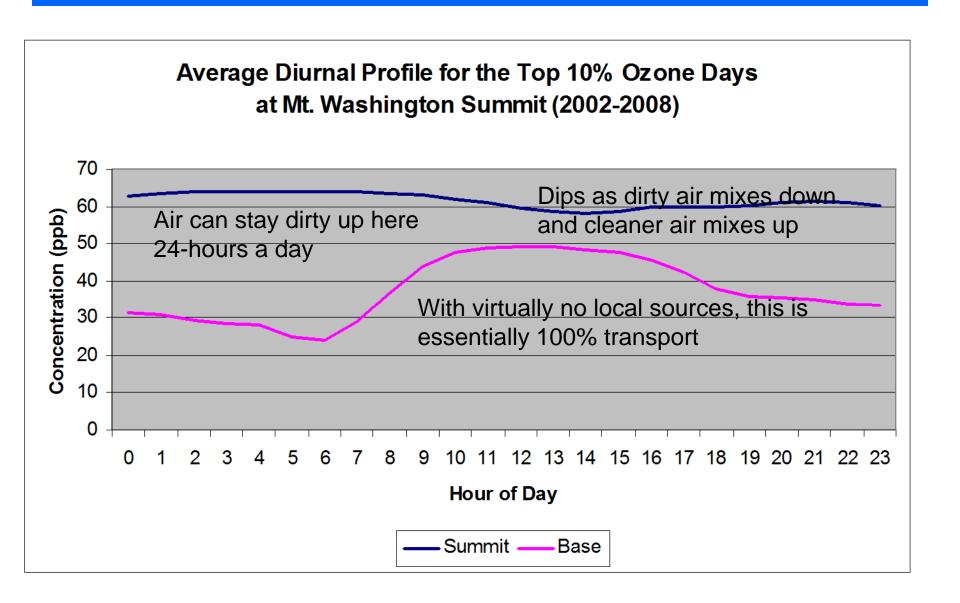
Measurements Aloft Prove it's There

Incoming Ozone August 2, 2005 (7:00 AM EDT) Beltsville, MD

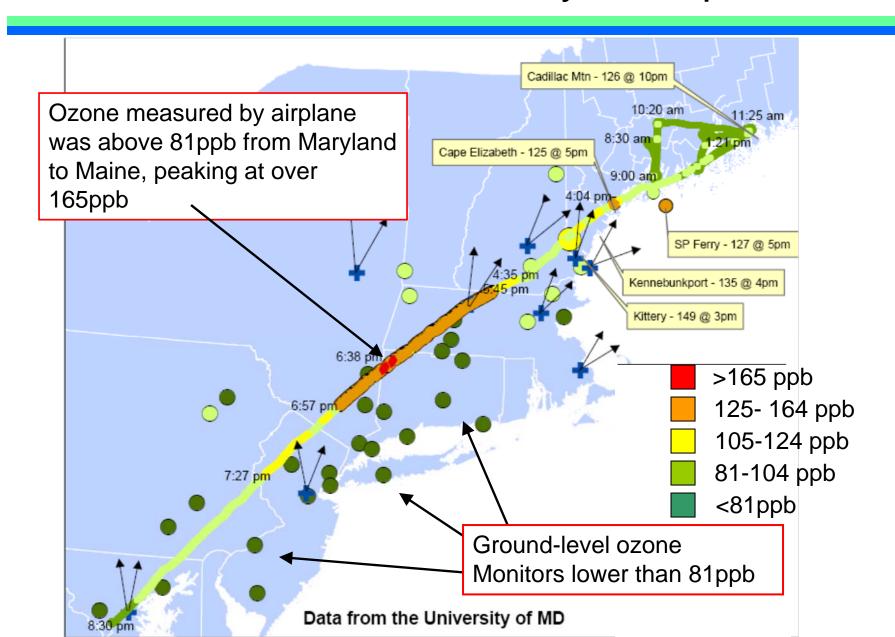


Source: Maryland Department of the Environment & Howard University

Mt. Washington, NH - Ozone? Really???



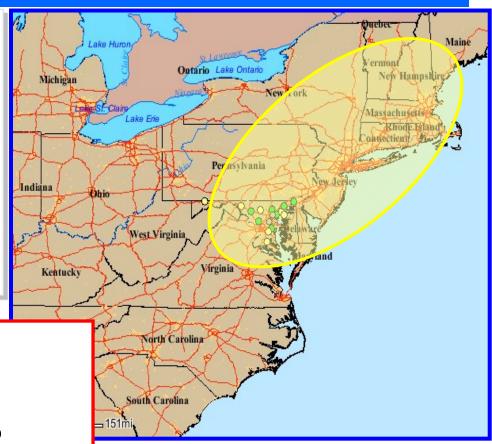
Ozone Aloft Measured by an Airplane



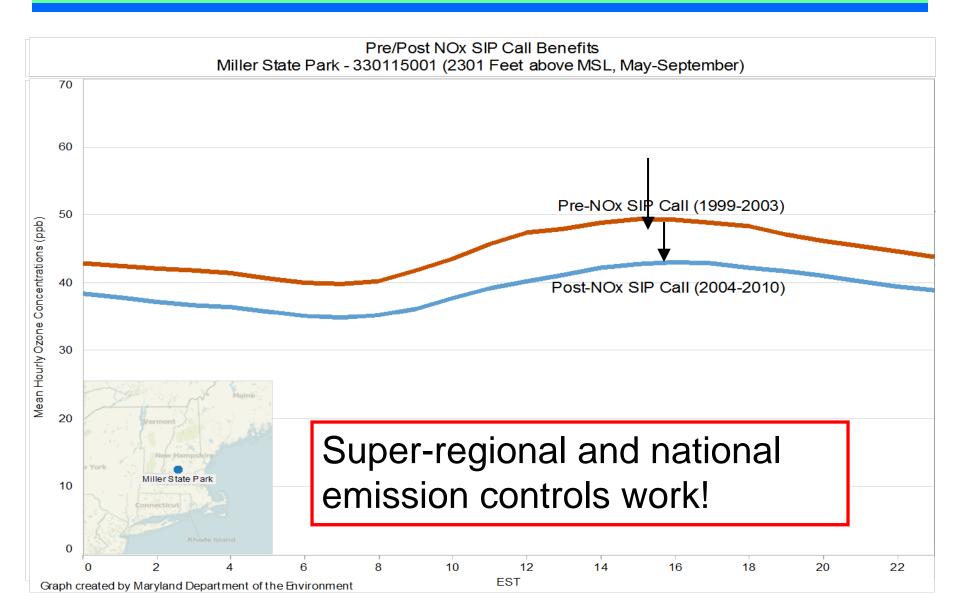
The Elevated Ozone Reservoir

A large reservoir of ozone sits above much of the Northeast on many bad air days waiting to mix down.

Regional and national controls can help with this!



Regional and National Measures Really Reduce Ozone Levels in the Northeast. The Data prove it!



Addressing Transport at its Source

- It can lower ozone levels to where incoming concentrations are not already above the standard!
- It works!
- It benefits widespread areas!
- It is cost effective!
- It is fair!